



## MINUTES

### 1. Introduction

**1.1. Confidentiality and European Competition Law provisions.** While it was understood that exchanges and decisions need to take place in a transparent and informed manner, participants were reminded on their obligation to comply with confidentiality and Competition Law obligations.

**1.2. Tour de table and apologies.** The list of participants is available in Annex 1.

**1.3. Objective of the day and approval of the Agenda (including a brief introduction on CLP).** Cf. slides 4-7 of Annex 2.

☞ The Agenda was approved.

☞ The classification proposals derived by WCA are *de minimis* and can be completed with additional precautionary classification endpoints where deemed relevant. Where PMC Members do not agree on a given classification, two classifications will be submitted and harmonisation will be discussed and agreed as part of the REACH Registration Dossiers.

☞ No classification is proposed for Balsams, copaiba, sulfurized, mixed with turpentine, gold salts (CAS 68990-27-2) as no sufficient information was provided on this material nor was a sample sent to Harlan for physico-chemical testing. MeClas may be used to derive a classification on the basis of the individual constituents of this UVCB.

☞ The classification proposed for tetrachloroauric acid applies to solid forms and to solution forms with a concentration superior to 20% w/w. It may also be applied as a worst case classification to solutions with a concentration inferior to 20% w/w.

**2. Proposed human health classifications.** The resulting HH classifications are summarised in Annex 3.

**3. Proposed environmental classifications.** The resulting ENV classifications are summarised in Annex 3.

**4. Proposed physico-chemical classifications.** The resulting physico-chemical classifications are summarised in Annex 3.

☞ Self-heating was tested by means of a modified N4 test which decreases the amount of test material needed. A one-pager is being prepared by PMC and WCA to further justify the selection of this modified N4 test.

☞ Some flammability and self-ignition tests are still ongoing at Harlan. Once the test results are received and if they trigger additional classification endpoints, the proposed classification will be circulated to the group for information/approval before an updated CLP notification is prepared and submitted.

**5. Submission of CLP notifications through REACH-IT.** Cf. slides 11-18 of Annex 2. It was agreed to identify UVCB PGM compounds as mono-constituent substances for the purpose of CLP notifications as the EC and CAS names and numbers of the species contained in some of the UVCB are not available to date (and are required when notifying the classification of a UVCB).

☞ Where available data (whether proprietary or published) provides evidence for a classification different than the classification that exists in Annex VI of the CLP regulation (whether better or worse), PMC Members must continue implementing the existing Annex VI classification in their SDS, labels, etc. but should inform upstream and downstream customers on the existence of additional information which indicates a different classification.

☞ The lead notifiers will be assisted by PMC secretariat and WCA to proceed with the CLP



1 December 2010, 10h30 - 16h30

notification by 15 December and co-notifiers will be given a green light to proceed with their individual notifications before Christmas. A guidance is available in Annex 4.

#### 6. AOB and concluding remarks.

- ☞ Priority is on finalising the CLP matrices (Annex 3) and on preparing and submitting the CLP notifications. The CLP reports including the arguments supporting the proposed classifications will be updated and finalised in the course of December 2010-January 2011, in such a manner that they can be used with external parties as supporting evidence for each classification proposal meanwhile the REACH Registration Dossiers are prepared.
- ☞ CLP notifications only require CLP classification; however DSD classifications will be prepared and circulated too in order to enable manufacturers and importers to include such DSD classification during the transition period of 1 December 2010 till June 2015.
- ☞ CLP classifications must be implemented as from 1 December 2010 by each individual manufacturer and importer who shall properly notify upstream and downstream customers on the applicable SDS, labelling, packing and transport requirements.

#### Annexes:

1. Agenda and list of participants
2. Slides presented at the meeting
3. Resulting CLP classifications as agreed at the meeting (for all PM and Re materials)
4. CLP notification guidance

Table 1. Actions agreed at Au+PM CN- CLP WG meeting (Brussels, 1 December 2010)

	What?	Who?	(By) When?
1.	Circulate one-pager on self-heating modified N4 test	KR	ASAP
2.	Circulate test results which may trigger additional classification endpoints for precious metal cyanides	CB	10 Dec 2010
3.	Provide feed-back on proposed CLP classifications (Annex 3 - CLP classification matrices)	All	10 Dec 2010
4.	Finalise CLP notifications in IUCLID 5 and send to selected lead notifiers	WCA+PMC	13 Dec 2010
5.	Submit CLP notifications to ECHA	Lead notifiers	15 Dec 2010
6.	Send green light to co-notifiers (PMC Members and SIEF) so they can submit their individual notifications to ECHA	CB	16 Dec 2010
7.	Select agreed CLP classification in REACH-IT and accept it	All	23 Dec 2010
8.	Circulate final CLP and DSD classifications	WCA+PMC	23 Dec 2010
9.	Implement CLP and DSD classifications in SDS, labels, packing, transport, etc.	All	ASAP
10.	Finalise CLP reports	WCA+PMC	31 Jan 2011